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Part 3:

C Source Code: source code is generally understood to mean programming statements that are created by a programmer with a text editor or a visual programming tool and then saved in a file.

camelCase: is the practice of writing phrases without spaces or punctuation, indicating the separation of words with a single capitalized letter, and the first word starting with either case.

Compiler: a program that converts instructions into a machine-code or lower-level form so that they can be read and executed by a computer.

Flow Chart: a flowchart is a type of diagram that represents a workflow or process. A flowchart can also be defined as a diagrammatic representation of an algorithm, a step-by-step approach to solving a task.

Input: what is put in, taken in, or operated on by any process or system.

Logic Error: a logic error is a bug in a program that causes it to operate incorrectly, but not to terminate abnormally.

Output: a place where power or information leaves a system.

Pseudo Code: a notation resembling a simplified programming language, used in program design.

Syntax Error: a character or string incorrectly placed in a command or instruction that causes a failure in execution.

Testing: take measures to check the quality, performance, or reliability of (something), especially before putting it into widespread use or practice.